

### **VON Data Analysis**

Interpretation of the statistics



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### Agenda



25 Years of Quality Care

Introduction

**SMRs and shrunken SMRs** 

**Shrunken O-E estimates** 

**Adjusted average total LOS** 

### The nature of statistics



"Statistics are like a bikini. What they reveal is suggestive, but what they conceal is vital."

– Aaron Levenstein

### **VON Annual Reports**



Two factors leading to differences in results even when no true differences between NICUs exist:

- 1) Small sample size (volatility of estimates)
- 2) Differences in casemix

#### To deal with these two factors, the VON report does the following:

- Report outcomes/interventions by birth weight, gestational age, birth location
- Using a multivariable risk-adjustment model to adjust for casemix differences
- Use of SMRs and shrunken SMRs
- Comparing each centre's observed rates to the expected rate for that centre

### Standardised Morbidity/Mortality Ratio (SMR)



25 Years of Quality Care

# Standardized morbidity/mortality ratio (SMR):

- Number of expected cases is calculated by using a multivariable risk-adjustment model
- Ratio of the number of observed cases (O) to the number of expected cases (E)

### Shrunken SMR



### "Shrunken" SMRs:

 Some observed variation between NICUs is random noise, particularly for small hospitals

→ SMR estimates are corrected ("shrunken") to filter this random variation

- Shrinking: adjusting the SMR value by moving it closer to the mean value of all Expanded Data Centre SMRs when the estimate is imprecise (i.e. when the number of cases is small)
- *Method*: weighted average between the calculated SMR and the mean of all hospital SMRs. For hospitals with a small number of infants, the Network mean value will be weighted more heavily; for large hospitals, the calculated SMR will be weighted more heavily
- Shrunken SMRs are more stable estimates

#### SHRUNKEN STANDARDIZED MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY RATIOS (SMR) All Eligible Infants Born in 2007



#### Vermont Oxford Network 2007 VLBW QMR for Center

#### SHRUNKEN STANDARDIZED MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY RATIOS (SMR) Infants 501-1500 Grams Born 2005 to 2007



#### Vermont Oxford Network 2007 VLBW QMR for Center

#### TABLE 1.4, RISK-ADJUSTED OUTCOME MEASURES Infants 501 TO 1500 Grams Born 2005 to 2007

	2005 to 2007					
	N	SMR (Shrunken)	SMR 95% Lower	SMR 95% Upper	O-E (Shrunken)	O-E vs Control Limit
Pneumothorax	146	0.81	0.28	1.33	-1	Within
PVL	133	0.75	0.00	1.50	-1	Within
CLD	134	0.76	0.45	1.07	- 8	Within
NEC	146	0.60	0.07	1.12	-4	Within
IVH	133	0.76	0.46	1.06	-7	Within
Severe IVH	133	0.86	0.42	1.31	-1	Within
ROP	118	0.63	0.34	0.92	-15	Below
Severe ROP	118	0.44	0.00	1.01	-4	Within
Infections Late Bacterial Coag Neg Staph Nosocomial Fungal	144 144 144 144	1.45 1.44 1.27 2.31	1.00 0.99 0.93 1.21	1.91 1.90 1.62 3.41	7 7 7 2	Within Within Within Above
Mortality	148	1.15	0.79	1.52	2	Within
Death or Morbidity	148	0.95	0.76	1.13	-4	Within

### Shrunken O-E Estimates

### **MEDI-CLINIC** Private hospital group 25 Years of Quality Care

### **Observed – Expected (O-E) estimates:**

- an indication of the number of patients lost/ill, beyond the number expected to be lost/ill
- expected values calculated with same multivariable riskadjustment model as used for SMRs
- O-E estimates also corrected using shrinkage methods
- Interpretation of the O-E estimates:
  - < 0 : performance was *better than expected*
  - > 0 : performance was *worse than expected*
  - = 0 : performance was *as expected*
- 95% control limits also given







#### **OBSERVED MINUS EXPECTED VALUES** MORTALITY

All Eligible Infants, Shrunken Estimates for Birth Year 2007



### Adjusted Average Total LOS



### Adjusted Average Total Hospital Stay graph:

- centers are arranged in order of increasing LOS
- black dot → Average LOS at your center
- vertical bars  $\rightarrow$  95% confidence intervals for the average LOS





## **Questions?**